



December 2019

DES福德 NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN APPENDIX G2 List of Employers

2018-2036 Submission Version

Employers in the Parish of Desford, Hinckley and Bosworth, Leicestershire

Company	Address
3tc Software	The Coach House, Desford Hall, Leicester Lane
Althea Massage Therapy	77 Newbold Road, Desford
Ashfield Farm	Kirkby Rd, Desford
Bakers Waste	Desford Road, Kirby Muxloe
Barons Park Farm	Desford Road, Kirby Muxloe
Barons Park Nursing Home	Desford Road, Kirby Muxloe
Barry Charles Motors	Unit 7, Sparkenhoe Works, Desford Rd
Beamex Ltd	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Beddows Tree Specialist	Old Woodlands Farm, Desford Lane
Caterpillar (Finning UK)	Peckleton Lane, Desford
Clarendon	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Collins Interior Services	82 Manor Road, Desford
Co-op (Heart of England)	1 High St, Desford
Co-op (Midland)	23 Newbold Road
Cottage Farm	Hunts Lane, Desford
D B Autos	21 Grace Road, Desford
Dance Factory	Peckleton Lane, Desford
Desford Dental Care	18 Manor Road , Desford
Desford Express	47 St Martins Drive, Desford
Desford Fish Bar	43 St Martins Drive, Desford
Desford Hall Management	Eden House, 8 St. John's Business Park, Rugby Road, Lutterworth
Desford Medical Centre	54 Main Street, Desford
Desford Pharmacy	1b High Street, Desford
Dover Fueling Solutions	Leicester Lane, Desford
Driven School of Motoring	9 Willow Street, Desford
E H & M C Hilyer & Son, Park House Farm	Leicester Lane, Desford
Eyeful Presentations Ltd	Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Firstpoint Homecare Ltd	Office 1, The Stable, Newtown Grange Business Park, Newtown Unthank
Forest View Farm	Forest View Farm, Peckleton Lane, Desford
Full Fat Designs	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Newtown Unthank
Gables Farm	88 Newbold Road, Desford
Go Wild	Old Woodlands, Desford
Grange Farm Sporting Clays	Desford Road, Newtown Unthank
Highfields Seeds Ltd	Peckleton Lane, Desford
Hill Barn Farm	Markfield Lane, Botcheston
Hollow Farm	Leicester Lane, Desford, Leicester LE9 9JJ
Hollows Farm Vintage Tearoom	Hollows Park, Leicester Lane, Desford LE9 9JJ
Honeysuckle Farm	Desford Road, Newtown Unthank
Husky Motors	The Forest, Leicester Lane, Desford
JE Allen Services Ltd.	Brook Lane Garage, Hunts Lane, Desford
Jendene Ltd	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
John Law Conservatories	The Lodge Workshop, Markfield Lane, Botcheston
Keswick Trays Ltd	Forest View Farm, Peckleton Lane, Desford

Kirby Grange Retirement Home	Markfield Lane, Botcheston
Kirby Grange Residential Care Home	Spinney Drive, Markfield Lane, Botcheston
Linda Williams Academy of Performing Arts	Leicester Lane, Desford
Lindridge Hall Farm	Lindridge Lane, Desford
Lindridge Wood Farm	Lindridge Lane, Desford
LMW Electronics Ltd	25 Merrylees Industrial Estate, Leaside
Lockey Farm Boarding Kennels	Lockey Farm, Hunts Lane, Desford
Lodge Farm, Botcheston	Lodge Farm Equestrian, Merrylees Road, Botcheston
LTR Time Recorders	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Lyndale Boarding Cattery	Lyndale, Lindridge Lane, Desford
Manor Hill Farm	Leicester Lane, Desford
Marks Capital Ltd	The Yews, Desford Road, Newtown Unthank
Mavrick Blinds Ltd	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Morgan's Private Hire	35 Peckleton Lane, Desford
N & JC Design Ltd	9 Lancaster Close, Desford
Neovia Logistics	Peckleton Lane, Desford
Paradigm Wills & Legal Services Ltd	The Granary, Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Newtown Unthank
Pesto	Leicester Lane, Desford
Polebrook Hayes Organic Farm	Botcheston
Poundstretcher Ltd / Crown Crest	Desford Road, Kirby Muxloe
Preston's Contractors	Forest Hill Farm, Leicester Lane, Desford
Principals	High Street, Desford
Protolan	Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Quadrant Building Control	The Coach House, Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
R. Billson & Sons Limited	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Re-creation Design Ltd	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Remove A Car	4 Willow Street, Desford
Russell Scanlon Ltd	3 The Coach House, Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Sector Design	Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Segasby Studios	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Skillbase First Aid	The Coach House, Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Sun Textile UK Ltd	Desford Hall, Leicester Lane, Desford
Symbiosis	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
Taylor Holdings Limited	Newtown Grange Farm Business Park, Desford Rd, Newtown Unthank
The Blue Bell Inn & Lodge	39 High Street, Desford
The Food Room	2A Main Street, Desford
The Greyhound	Main Street, Botcheston
The Lancaster Arms	Station Road, Desford
The Priory	Main Street, Desford
The Village Balti	45 St Martin's Drive, Desford
Topsham House Nursery	Peckleton Lane, Desford
Tropical Birdland	Lindridge Lane, Desford
Tumblin Fields Farm	Hunts Lane, Desford
Underbank Farm	Main Street, Botcheston
Vicki's Barbers	40 High Street, Desford
Woodlands Farm	Desford Lane, Ratby, Leicester LE6 0LF



December 2019

**DESFORD NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN
APPENDIX H1 Local
Heritage Assets**

2018-2036 Submission Version

Buffton Lodge, Botcheston Road, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	Late C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48692 04728



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative and associative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a large Victorian villa set within a large plot in a rural location. The earliest reference to the house by name is from 1862 but it has a largely late-19th century appearance. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of the Parish as higher status dwellings were constructed in large plots as finance became available following the success of local industry. The house was bought by Albert Pickard in 1901, he was a manufacturer of yarn and a local philanthropist who gave land for the Desford Recreation Ground and money towards building the village chapel. Architecturally the building was constructed with a range of styles and influences, although there is a predominant Domestic revival style. Interest remains with the red brick laid in an English bond, render infill, tall ridge and axial chimney stacks, Welsh slate roof covering, canted bay windows, leaded window lights, exposed rafter feet at the eaves, and polychromatic porch. Despite some minor alterations, extensions, and the subdivision of the house into three residential units the plan form and integrity of the original construction remains.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

K6 Telephone Box, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Monument
Construction Date:	c. 1936 - 1953
Architect:	Sir Giles Gilbert Scott
Original Use:	Telephone Kiosk
Current Use:	Vacant Telephone Kiosk
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Unoccupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48173 04966



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: associative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Community value/ Rarity / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

One of only a few remaining type K6 telephone kiosks of this type within the borough, it provides a distinctive and iconic landmark within the street scene. The K6 kiosk was designed by the nationally renowned architect Sir Giles Gilbert Scott to commemorate the Silver Jubilee of the coronation of King George V in 1935. The kiosk was constructed in cast iron and finished in red to make them easy to spot. It is a square kiosk with a domed roof, unperforated crowns to top panels and margin glazing to the windows and door. This box has the Tudor Crown, which was in use between 1936 and 1953. This particular kiosk is near to its original condition so retains a degree of integrity. It has a clear aesthetic and functional relationship with the adjacent red post box located at the Manor Farm complex.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

Manor Farm complex, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Predominantly Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48148 04966



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Age / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A medium sized former farm complex comprising a large Georgian Manor House with attached rear wing to the east forming an L-shaped plan with courtyard to the rear and a single detached building. All buildings have now been converted to residential use and additional infill development has created a U-shaped plan. Small holdings remain on enclosed land to the south towards Rothley Brook. The Manor House likely dates from the early-19th century but the farm complex is likely to date from much earlier, possibly pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement and proximity to the former open low lying meadows. The complex is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Botcheston as a predominantly agricultural village. Architectural interest to the Manor House includes Flemish bond brickwork, tall gable and axial chimney stacks, a panelled door set within a decorative surround, and cambered window arches with rubbed bricks. Architectural interest to Manor Farm Cottage includes a dentil eaves course, canted blue brick cills and simple header treatments. Some original openings have been adapted for the agricultural building conversions. There is a Welsh slate covering on some sections of the frontage. Artistic interest includes ornate metal railings fronting the Manor House. Despite the more recent infill development the L-shaped plan form of the original complex remains discernible. The three storey height of the Manor House reflects its status and alongside the extent of the frontage of the attached range ensures the complex has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. It is part of a group of agricultural complexes developed within the settlement that have a clear historic association with each other. A red post box is integrated into the barn and has a clear aesthetic and functional relationship with the adjacent K6 telephone box.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

The Greyhound Inn, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Public house
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48034 05037



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Community value / Age / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a village public house. The building was originally likely to have been a number of cottages to house agricultural workers. It became a public house in 1856 with subsequent alterations during the late-19th century and more recently. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Botcheston providing a typical function of a small village. Architectural interest includes a decorative door surround, terracotta ridge tiles, gable and ridge chimney stacks, chimney pots and finials and slate tiles. Artistic interest includes pub lettering and hanging sign to communicate the use of the building. It provides a critical communal function for the village and is a source of identity and social interaction. It is registered as an Asset of Community Value. The building has a visual prominence at the back edge of the road and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston
- MLE21525 – Desford Brick Works

Underbank Farm, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48292 04982



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A medium sized farm complex comprising an L-shaped farmhouse with attached rear wing to the north and a detached building set around a central courtyard. The current farmhouse likely dates from the early-19th century but the farm complex is likely to date from much earlier, possibly pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Botcheston as a predominantly agricultural village. Architectural interest includes Swithland and Welsh slate roof coverings, gable and ridge chimney stacks, segmental arches and a dog tooth eaves course. The historic farmstead plan set around a loose courtyard remains discernible. Due to the height of the farmhouse gable end the building has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. It is part of a group of agricultural complexes that developed within the settlement which have a clear historic association with each other.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

Village Hall, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1903
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	School
Current Use:	Village Hall
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48418 04902



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Community value / Integrity / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a former village school, constructed in 1903 in a Queen Anne style. The building has been used as a village hall since the 1970s. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Botcheston providing a typical function of a small village. It includes a small stone memorial panel as an eloquent witness to the tragic impact of world events on the local community, and the sacrifice it made in the conflicts of the 20th century. Architectural interest includes English bond brickwork, stone bands with chamfered eaves, prominent gables including a Dutch gable, circular window heads with basket weave brickwork, cambered arches, a catslide roof, hung tiles and hexagonal brick columns. It provides a critical communal function for the village and is a source of identity and social interaction. Despite some alterations including modern windows the integrity of the original construction remains. The building is set within a large plot including a number of mature trees.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

Wayside Farm, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C18
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48236 04942



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Rarity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A small farm complex comprising a linear farmhouse with small holdings on enclosed land to the south towards Rothley Brook. The height of the rear eaves and windows to the front indicate the current farmhouse dates from the 18th century with 19th century alterations including raising the height of the roof and re-roofing with Welsh slates. The stone base is rare and indicates that a building has been on the site since a much earlier date, likely pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement and proximity to the former open low lying meadows. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Botcheston as a predominantly agricultural village. Architectural interest includes slate roof coverings, axial chimney stacks, segmental window, arches, canted blue brick cills and a dog tooth eaves course. Due to the width of the frontage the building has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. It is part of a group of agricultural complexes that developed within the settlement which have a clear historic association with each other.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

White Cottage, Main Street, Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48447 04909



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age

Reason for Designation:

A good example of simple early-19th century agricultural workers cottages, now adapted into a single dwelling with more recent alterations. The cottage is illustrative of the social and cultural development of Botcheston as a predominantly agricultural village with functional housing required to house workers. Architectural interest includes slate roof coverings, gable and ridge chimney stacks and segmental window arches.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2750 – Historic settlement core of Botcheston

Polebrook House, Markfield Lane (Kirby Grange), Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1881
Architect:	Leicester School Board
Original Use:	Industrial School
Current Use:	Care Home / Vacant
Condition:	Poor
Occupancy:	Partially Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48468 05564



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Evidential value / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Community value / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

Leicester Industrial School built by the Leicester School Board and opened by A.J. Mundella MP in 1881. Industrial schools were established to care for children who had committed minor offences or were at the risk of crime. It was formerly certified to receive 200 boys but pupils came from all over the country to receive industrial training. The building is illustrative of a key period of late-19th century social reformation which has made an important contribution to the identity and character of Botcheston and the wider area. There is a significant contemporary and historic written record associated with the building which provides an important resource for understanding and learning about the area's history including residents of the school. Architectural interest includes a number of brick towers with one massive tower having decorative banding, piers and corbelling, the use of circular Norman arches for openings including a bold entrance porch set within decorative brickwork, a clay tile roof, large chimney stacks, hipped dormers, the use of finials, and clock set within a central gabled bay. It became an approved Boys School in 1933 and was known as Polebrook House from 1973 when it became a Community Home with Education but it closed in 1978. It then became a care home with a surrounding retirement home complex; the majority of the building now lies vacant. There are collective memories attached to the building through its former use and Old Boys meetings still take place. The scale of the building is imposing and the brick tower is local landmark that is an orientation point over a wide geographical area. The Industrial School is part of a group of buildings that have a clear historic, aesthetic and communal association.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE21321 – Leicester Industrial School for Boys, Markfield Lane
- MLE21322 – Air raid shelter, Leicester Industrial School

More research and assessment is required regarding the recorded air raid shelter as this may be a potential candidate for the local heritage list

Leicester Lodge, Markfield Lane (Kirby Grange), Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1881
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Lodge to Industrial School
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied



Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48354 05292

Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Group value

Reason for Designation:

Former lodge to Leicester Industrial School now converted into residential use. The Leicester Industrial School was built by the Leicester School Board and opened in 1881 to care for children who had committed minor offences or were at the risk of crime. As with Markfield Lodge, Leicester Lodge is located adjacent to the school access drive and is a good illustrative example of a functional building once serving part of the wider school complex. Architecturally the lodge was constructed with Domestic revival influences, interest remains in the steeply pitched hipped roof and hipped half dormer windows, red brick laid in an English bond, decorative brick string course and window cills, render infill, rosemary clay tile roof covering, tall ridge chimney stack, terracotta ridge tiles and finials, and multi-paned casement windows. Despite some minor alterations and extensions the integrity of the original construction remains. Leicester Lodge is part of a group of buildings comprising the Leicester Industrial School that have a clear historic, aesthetic and communal association.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Markfield Lodge, Markfield Lane (Kirby Grange), Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1881
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Lodge to Industrial School
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48260 05629



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Group value

Reason for Designation:

Former lodge to Leicester Industrial School now converted into residential use. The Leicester Industrial School was built by the Leicester School Board and opened in 1881 to care for children who had committed minor offences or were at the risk of crime. As with Leicester Lodge, Markfield Lodge is located adjacent to the school access drive and is a good illustrative example of a functional building once serving part of the wider school complex. Architecturally the lodge was constructed with Domestic revival influences, interest remains in the steeply pitched hipped roof and hipped half dormer windows, red brick laid in an English bond, rosemary clay tile roof covering, tall ridge chimney stack, leaded finials, terracotta ridge tiles, and multi-paned sash and casement windows. Despite some minor alterations and extensions the integrity of the original construction remains. Markfield Lodge is part of a group of buildings comprising the Leicester Industrial School that have a clear historic, aesthetic and communal association.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Meadow Rise, Markfield Lane (Kirby Grange), Botcheston

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1893
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	School Headmasters House
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48256 05719



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Group value

Reason for Designation:

Former house for the Headmaster of the Leicester Industrial School. The Leicester Industrial School was built by the Leicester School Board and opened in 1881 to care for children who had committed minor offences or were at the risk of crime. As with Lodge houses, the house is located adjacent to the school access drive and is a good illustrative example of a functional building once serving part of the wider school complex. Architecturally the lodge was constructed with Domestic revival influences, interest remains in the steeply pitched hipped roof, projecting gables and half dormer windows, red brick laid in an English bond, rosemary clay tile roof covering, render infill, mock timber framing, tall ridge chimney stack, leaded finals, terracotta ridge tiles, and multi-paned sash and casement windows. Despite some minor alterations and considerably sized extensions the integrity of the original construction remains. Meadow Rise is part of a group of buildings comprising the Leicester Industrial School that have a clear historic, aesthetic and communal association.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Barons Park Farm complex, Leicester Lane, Kirby Muxloe

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C18
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 51200 04519



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Integrity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A large farm complex comprising a full courtyard, L-shaped range with attached dwelling (known as Greenacres) and a detached farm house. The current farm house and Greenacres date from the early 20th century but the farm complex is likely to date from the 17th century onwards when the medieval park (Barons Park) fell into disuse. Most of the agricultural buildings have a late-18th to early-19th century appearance, one of which has been converted into residential use (known as The Cottage). There is a similarly aged large separate dwelling to the west known as Barons Park House which may have been the farm house to the complex, this is now in separate use and has been adapted and extended considerably to form a care home. The complex is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of agricultural practices in the area (including nearby Kirkby Muxloe) following the disuse of the medieval park. Architectural interest to the farm house includes its hipped roof and tall chimney stacks. Architectural interest to Greenacres includes Flemish bond brickwork, Welsh slate roof coverings, gable end chimney stacks, segmental windows arches and decorative eaves course. The existing agricultural buildings retain architectural interest through their functional openings and construction materials and some original openings have been adapted for the agricultural building conversion. Despite the addition of some more recent agricultural buildings the historic farmstead plan remains discernible. Due to the orientation of the gable end of Greenacres and the openness of the site the complex has a visual prominence within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE17057 – Barons/Desford/Barns Park, medieval park
- MLE15783 – Undated ditch at Barons Park Farm

Desford Mill, Desford Road, Newtown Unthank

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C18
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Watermill
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48661 04325



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Evidential value / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Rarity / Integrity

Reason for Designation:

A former watermill of considerable size, recently converted into residential use after it ceased operating in the 1920s. A watermill on the site was first mentioned as far back as 1140 although the current collection of buildings have an appearance that dates from the late-18th century onwards. The mill drew its water from the Bagworth Brook. Steam power was added in 1854 when the water flow was diminished by the formation of the Thornton Reservoir upstream, this likely coincided with the construction of the large maltings building on the site. It is illustrative of a functional building serving and related to the social, economic and cultural development of the area, with the form of the buildings also demonstrating technological advances. Records suggest that a windmill also operated on the site during C18 and C19, and this accompanied with the record of a medieval watermill provides an important resource for understanding and learning about the development of the area. Architectural interest includes the remaining overhanging loading bay (lucum) and location of sluice gates (now garaging) within the maltings warehouse, segmental window arches and canted blue brick cills, steep pitched roofs with decorative bargeboards and half dormers used across the complex. Added interest with an axial chimney stack and louvred cupola upon the attached range. The building could be considered a rare survival of something (watermills) that was once common across Leicestershire. Despite some alterations as part of its conversion the plan form and former use of the building remains discernible.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2729 – Possible site of medieval watermill, Desford Mill
- MLE2730 – Post medieval watermill, Desford Mill
- MLE2731 – Possible site of post medieval windmill, Desford Mill

The Old Grange, Desford Road, Newtown Unthank

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Fair
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48958 04291



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Rarity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A small complex comprising a former farmhouse with small holdings on enclosed land. The former farmhouse comprises a frontage range with perpendicular service ranges to the rear and is likely to date from the early-19th century, but the farm complex is likely to date from much earlier, possibly pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Newtown Unthank as a small, predominantly agricultural village. Despite alterations architectural interest to the farm house includes a pitched roof with local but rare Swithland slates, tall gable end chimney stacks, a dentil eaves course, and segmental window arches. Due to the width of the frontage the building has a visual prominence that can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Newtown Grange Farm complex, Desford Road, Newtown Unthank

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C18
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Commercial
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied



Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 49036 04322

Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A medium sized estate complex comprising a detached farm house and a collection of estate buildings including stables, coach house, threshing barn and milking shed. Former estate buildings have now been converted into commercial use and are interspersed with new units. The current farmhouse likely dates from the late-18th century but the farm complex is likely to date from much earlier, possibly pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Newtown Unthank as a small, predominantly agricultural village. Architectural interest to the farm house includes a hipped roof with Welsh slates, tall decorative gable and ridge chimney stacks with crown pots, and a dentil eaves course. Architectural interest to the converted stables and coach house includes Flemish Garden Wall bond brickwork, a Welsh slate roof covering and entry arch (now filled). The tower appears to have been added or if original raised in height in late-20th century with the potential addition of louvred cupola. Some original openings have been adapted for the estate building conversions including on the threshing barn. The historic farmstead plan including the detached farm house and T-shaped stables and coach house remains discernible. Due to the height of the farm house gable frontage, the height of the tower and the extent of the stable and coach house frontage the complex has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. The complex is part of a group of assets that have a clear historic and communal association.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Old Woodlands Farm complex, Desford Lane, Newtown Unthank

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Condition:	Fair
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 49541 05316



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative and associative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Rarity / Integrity

Reason for Designation:

A medium sized farm complex comprising an L-shaped farmhouse with a detached U-shaped complex of associated farm buildings including ranges of cottages, loose boxes/stable and barns. Due to its isolated location away from a settlement the farm complex was likely to have been established following the period of Enclosure, with the farm buildings likely dating from the mid-19th century whilst the farmhouse has a late-19th century appearance. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of agricultural practices within the Parish following Enclosure. The complex was known as County Asylum Farm up until the end of the 19th century as residents of the Leicester Asylum were sent for employment and resided in the cottages. By 1904 the complex had reverted to the name Woodlands Farm. Architectural interest to the original frontage range of the farmhouse includes steeply pitched projected gables with local but rare Swithland slates, a tall axial chimney stack, canted bay windows and dentil eaves courses. The cottages and attached agricultural buildings retain architectural interest through their functional openings and construction materials. Despite the erection of a number of surrounding 20th century agricultural buildings the historic U-shaped plan form of the detached ranges remains.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Desford Hall Lodges, Leicester Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1875
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Hall lodges
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 50190 02265 & SK 50349 02299



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

Two former lodges to Desford Hall now converted into residential use. The grade II listed Hall was constructed as a small country house in c.1875 (then known as Forest House, reverting to being known as Desford Hall by 1900) and was converted to offices c.1980. The two lodges are located at the southern corners of the Hall grounds and are good illustrative examples of a functional building serving a small estate. Architecturally the lodges were constructed with Queen Anne influences, interest remains in their steeply pitched roofs with Dutch gables, white brick laid in a Flemish bond with segmental arches, sections of herringbone, circles and cross brickwork in the gables, a dentil eaves course, stone windows surrounds, copings, finials and string courses, and tall gable, ridge and axial chimney stacks. Despite some alterations including modern windows and concrete tile roofs, and some extensions to each lodge, the integrity of the original construction remains. The lodge located to the south-west of the Hall grounds is located at the driveway to the Hall from Leicester Lane and has a visual prominence ensuring it can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. The lodges have a clear historic relationship with the grade II listed Hall and are the result of a deliberate design.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE11223 Desford Hall
- MLE22664 Leicester Forest Area D

Pesto (former White Horse PH), Leicester Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Public House
Current Use:	Commercial
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 50118 02245



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a former rural public house, now in use as a restaurant. It has a largely late-19th century appearance but the earliest reference of a public house on the site is from 1846 in White's Directory when John Gutteridge, a local farmer, was the licensee. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford parish providing a typical function within an outlying and predominantly agricultural landscape. Architecturally the building was constructed to a Domestic style typical of a reformed public house of the late 19th century. Interest remains in the tall and dominant red brick chimney stacks, Welsh slate roof covering, terracotta ridge tiles, corbelling to the eaves, and canted brick cills. The building has a visual prominence at the back edge of the road and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. Despite closing as a public house in 2015 the building remains in use as a source of identity and social interaction and provides a communal function for the parish.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE22664 Leicester Forest Area D

The Forest, Leicester Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	House and Blacksmiths
Current Use:	Residential and commercial garage
Condition:	Good/Fair
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 50044 02297



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

An interesting example of a former blacksmiths with associated cottage range, the blacksmiths has now been adapted and extended and is in use as a garage (Husky Motors), the cottages have been converted and extended to form one dwelling. The dwelling and former blacksmiths building have a mid-19th century appearance, although the blacksmiths may have been operating on the site from an earlier date. The former blacksmiths is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford parish providing a typical function within an outlying and predominantly agricultural landscape. Architectural interest to the dwelling includes a red brick laid in a Flemish bond, red brick segmental arches and canted blue brick cills to the openings, tall gable end and axial chimney stacks with crown pots, and a Welsh slate roof covering. Despite some alterations including plastic windows the integrity of the original construction remains. The complex of buildings has a visual prominence at the back edge of the road and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE22664 Leicester Forest Area D

Stud Farm complex, Leicester Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. early C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 49312 02646



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Rarity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A small farm complex first known as Forest Farm, originally comprising a full courtyard with an L-shaped range, two linear ranges and a detached farmhouse. The historic buildings on the site appear to date from the early to mid-19th century although the farm complex was likely established much earlier following the disafforestation of the Leicester Forest to agriculture from the 17th century onwards. The complex has been altered during the 20th century, with the range buildings being converted into residential use and being significantly altered and extended. Interest now only remains in the single storey frontage ranges (now converted to form part of the properties known as Greystones, Primrose Cottage and Dragons Lair) and the original farmhouse (now known as Stud Farm). The complex is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of agricultural practices in the area following the disuse of the Leicester Forest. Architectural interest to the farm house includes its L-shaped plan form, tall gable end chimney stacks with crown pots and a Welsh slate roof covering. The converted frontage ranges retain architectural interest through their external granite walls with red brick openings, louvered cupolas, and local but rate Swithland slates. Due to the width of the frontage ranges along Leicester Lane and the scale of the Stud farm house the complex has a visual prominence within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE22664 Leicester Forest Area D

The 29 Steps, Leicester Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Site
Construction Date:	N/A
Architect:	N/A
Original Use:	Boundary feature
Current Use:	Boundary feature
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	N/A

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48664 02590



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Community value / Rarity / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

The 29 steps are a remnant boundary feature of the Leicester Forest, being sited on an historic and existing public right of way that is well used. Despite the disafforestation of the Forest largely to agriculture and other purposes from the 17th century onwards the steps continue to illustrate an important historic boundary that contributes to the identity of the parish. The steps are a geographical and cultural orientation point.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE22664 Leicester Forest Area D

No's 1 & 3 Kirkby Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	Early C20
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47742 03252 & SK 47722 03240



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A pair of Edwardian dwellings constructed with Arts and Crafts and Domestic Revival style influences. The dwellings are illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size and higher status dwellings were constructed in large plots on the rural-urban fringe. Each individual builder and plot owner could represent the latest or prevalent architectural styles, in this case good quality representations of the Arts and Crafts and Domestic Revival styles were chosen with interest in their unorthodox plan form, varying wall finishes including red brick, render and hung clay tiles, steeply pitched roofs, projecting gables, and varying window sizes with cottage style windows. Despite some modern alterations the buildings retain a sense of completeness and have group value as a pair with a clear aesthetic association due to their deliberate design.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Mine wheel, Lindridge Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Site
Construction Date:	Unknown
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Winding wheel at Desford Colliery
Current Use:	Ornamental
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Unoccupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47603 03680



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Community value / Age / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A former winding wheel the nearby Desford Colliery which was sunk in 1900 and closed in 1984. The wheel is illustrative of a local industry which shaped the social, economic and cultural development of the area through the 20th century. It provides a sense of identity and a physical reminder of past interactions between the area and the industry which contributes to the collective memory of the place. The wheel is one of the only remaining physical structures relating to the colliery and is highly recognisable and visible landmark within the street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford
- MLE18388 – Desford Colliery

Village Hall and No.12, Lindridge Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	Mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Wesleyan Methodist Chapel
Current Use:	Residential and Village Hall
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47623 03670



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Community value / Age / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A former Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, now in use as a dwelling and the village hall. Records indicate the Methodist Chapel was established in the village by 1849. For a period during the mid-20th century the building was used as the Miners Institute serving the workers of the nearby Desford Colliery until being part converted into a separate dwelling and village hall by the end of the 20th century. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford providing a range of functions typical of an expanding village, firstly non-conformist religion, secondly a social use for a local industry, and most recently a critical communal function as the village hall. The building was constructed in a Gothic revival style and despite alterations and additions some architectural interest remains including Flemish bond brickwork, an axial chimney stack, a pointed yellow brick arch over the door to no.12, decorative corbelling to the eaves and verges, and lancet windows to the village hall. The building has been a source of identity and social interest for nearly 200 years. The building has a visual prominence at the back edge of the road and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

Linwood Cottage, Lindridge Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1906
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Chauffeurs Cottage
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47702 04128



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

The former chauffeurs cottage for the Lindridge House Estate, now converted into residential use. The House was likely a small manorial seat with likely associations with a scheduled medieval moated site, although it was largely demolished by the early 20th century. The cottage is located to the south of the estate lodge house on Lindridge Lane and is a good illustrative example of a functional building serving a small estate. The garage fronting the road remains. Architectural interest includes gable end chimney stacks, timber sash windows, overhanging eaves, exposed purlins and verge bargeboards. There is a name/date stone "Linwood Cottage 1906". Despite some alterations and extensions the integrity of the original construction remains. The cottage is located directly on Lindridge Lane so has a visual prominence ensuring it can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene and it has a clear historic relationship and association with the complex of former Lindridge Estate buildings.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2738 Medieval moated site, Lindridge
- MLE2739 Medieval enclosures and pond at Lindridge moated site

Lindridge Lodge, Lindridge Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Hall lodge
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47233 04944



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

The former lodge for the Lindridge House Estate, now converted into residential use. The House was likely a small manorial seat with likely associations with a scheduled medieval moated site, although it was largely demolished by the early 20th century. The lodge is located to the northeast of moated site and estate farm house, and is a good illustrative example of a functional building serving a small estate. Architecturally the lodge was constructed with Gothic influences, interest remains in the projecting gables, yellow brick laid in a Flemish bond, sandstone columns, parapets, window surrounds, pointed arches, hood window moulding and string course, tall chimney stacks, and slate roof covering. Despite some alterations including plastic windows and extensions to the lodge the integrity of the original construction remains. The lodge is located adjacent to the estate access drive from Lindridge Lane so has a visual prominence ensuring it can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. It has a clear historic relationship and association with the complex of former Lindridge Estate buildings.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2738 Medieval moated site, Lindridge
- MLE2739 Medieval enclosures and pond at Lindridge moated site

No's 55 & 57 Newbold Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	Mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47455 03567



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a pair of mid-Victorian workers cottages. They are illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size during this period and functional housing was required to house workers. Architectural interest includes Flemish bond brickwork, a Welsh slate roof covering, shared ridge chimney stack, segmental brick arches, canted blue brick cills, dog tooth eaves course, and a panelled door to no.55. The cottages have a visual prominence at the back edge of the pavement and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. Through the piecemeal development of the area the group of properties numbered 55, 57, 59 & 61 Newbold Road provide a good example of the predominant historical styles of residential properties from the mid-19th century to the mid-20th century.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

No.59 Newbold Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1930s
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47445 03554



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: artistic interest / Rarity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A good example of single dwelling constructed to a typical Council house style. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size during the post-WWI period and functional housing was required. It was a Victory Garden during WWII so was the only house in the village allowed to keep the iron railings along the front and side boundary, the railings survive as something that was once quite common and provide some artistic interest. Due to the openness of the site frontage the building does have a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. Through the piecemeal development of the area the group of properties numbered 55, 57, 59 & 61 Newbold Road provide a good example of the predominant historical styles of residential properties from the mid-19th century to the mid-20th century.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

No.61 Newbold Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1886
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47447 03543



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A good example of late-Victorian villa. The building is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size during this period and higher status dwellings were constructed in large plots on the rural-urban fringe. Architectural interest includes Flemish bond brickwork, large ridge chimney stacks, decorative stone/concrete lintels, dog tooth course and corbelling to the eaves, verge bargeboards and terracotta ridge tiles. There is name/date stone "Moorwood House 1886". Despite some modern alterations the building retains a sense of completeness. Due to its scale the building has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene. Through the piecemeal development of the area the group of properties numbered 55, 57, 59 & 61 Newbold Road provide a good example of the predominant historical styles of residential properties from the mid-19th century to the mid-20th century. For a period the house was used by St. Dunstan's home for the blind so the building may have some community value.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

Former Roebuck Inn, Newbold Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. late C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Public House
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47349 03533



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Community value / Age / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a former village public house, now converted into residential use. It has a largely late-19th century appearance but the earliest reference of a public house on the site is from 1825. The number of bays suggests the building could have originally formed a number of cottages before the change of use and subsequent late-19th century alterations. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford providing a typical function of an expanding village. Architecturally the building was constructed with a range of styles and influences, interest remains in the Welsh slate roof covering, gabled half dormers with finials and bargeboards, terracotta ridge tiles, canted brick and decorative cills, projecting headers, decorative door surrounds, metal rainwater goods, and gable chimney stacks. Artistic interest includes the carved name panel and space for further signage above the entrance door which communicates the former use and history of the building. The building provided a communal function and despite its closure as a public house in 2010 it remains a source of identity that contributes to the collective memory of the village. Due to the width of the frontage the building has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

Gables Farm, Newbold Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. mid C19
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Agricultural/Residential
Current Use:	Residential/Commercial
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47402 03558



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Integrity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A small farm complex comprising a linear farm house with attached wing forming a U-plan courtyard. Former stables have been converted into residential use. Further detached buildings to the north and west comprising separate dwellings and a livery and equestrian business located on a small holding on enclosed land to the north. The current farm house likely dates from the mid-19th century but the farm complex is likely to date from much earlier, possibly pre-enclosure given its location within the core of a linear settlement. There is some timber framing evident in the western gable end. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as a predominantly agricultural village. Architectural interest includes overhanging eaves, large ridge chimney stacks, diamonds set within gabled half dormers, canted brick cills. Some original openings have been adapted for the stable conversion and its clay tile roof covering remains. The historic farmstead plan set around a loose courtyard remains discernible. Due to the width of the farm house frontage the building has a visual prominence and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE2751 – Historic settlement core of Desford

Debdale (now Topsham Nursery), Peckleton Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	Early C20
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Nursery
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 47833 02988



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Integrity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

A good example of an Edwardian villa, now adapted into a nursery with more recent alterations. The building is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size and higher status dwellings were constructed in large plots on the rural-urban fringe.

Architectural interest includes decorative brick bond, a Welsh slate roof covering, gable chimney stack, canted bay windows, and decorative lintels and eaves course. Despite some modern alterations the building retains a sense of completeness. Due to its scale the building has a visual prominence back within its plot and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Caterpillar Tractor Co gates, Peckleton Lane, Desford

Asset Type:	Site
Construction Date:	c. 1952
Architect:	Caterpillar Tractor Co
Original Use:	Gates (access)
Current Use:	Gates (ornamental)
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	N/A

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48568 01724



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: artistic interest / Community value / Rarity / Landmark quality

Reason for Designation:

The entrance gates are one of the only remaining structures associated with the founding of the Caterpillar Tractor Company in 1952, with this being the first venture of the company outside the United States of America and founded on the former Desford airfield. The gates are illustrative of an industrial company that has and continues to make an important contribution to the social and economic development of the area and further afield. The gates are likely constructed of wrought iron and have ornate elements within the design giving them an artistic interest which communicates the name and status of the company. The gates are perceived a source of identity and social interaction due to the amount of people that have and continue to pass through them as employees of the company. The gates have been restored to their original condition and are a landmark feature at the current entrance to the company premises.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE15965 – Desford Airfield

No's 20 & 22 Station Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	1920s
Architect:	Unknown
Original Use:	Residential
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48221 03463



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Landmark quality / Group value

Reason for Designation:

A semi-detached pair of dwellings constructed in an Arts and Crafts style. The dwellings are illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford as it expanded in size during the post-WWI period and new housing was required. During this period ribbon development took place along Station Road and each individual builder and plot owner could represent the latest or prevalent architectural styles, in this case a high quality representation of the Arts and Crafts style was chosen with interest in the typical linear plan form of the dwellings, the steeply pitched hipped roof with clay tiles and tall central ridge chimney stack. Despite some minor alterations and extensions the plan form and integrity of the original construction remains. The dwellings have an open frontage and due to the width of the linear plan form they have a visual prominence ensuring they can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Lancaster Arms, Station Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1860s
Architect:	Joseph Dymock
Original Use:	Residential/Public House
Current Use:	Public House
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48621 04022



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative and associative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural and artistic interest / Community value / Integrity / Landmark quality / Other: communal function

Reason for Designation:

A good example of a village public house. Originally constructed as a private dwelling by/for Joseph Dymock c.1860 it was in use as a public house by 1870. Dymock also offered carting from Desford to the nearby railway station. It is illustrative of the social, economic and cultural development of Desford providing a typical function of a village expanding in size due to the development of the nearby Leicester to Swannington Railway. The public house name is associated with the title Duchy of Lancaster who were pre-enclosure landowners in Desford on behalf of the Crown. Architecturally the building was constructed with a range of styles and influences, interest remains in the steep pitched roof with predominantly clay tile covering and projecting gables, overhanging eaves and exposed purlins, tall chimney stacks, brick turret, and timber sash windows with large cills and stone heads. Artistic interest includes the Lancaster crest and hanging sign which communicates the use and history of the building and area. It provides a communal function for the village and is a source of identity and social interaction. Despite some modern alterations including decoration to the external walls the building retains a sense of completeness. The building has a visual prominence at the back edge of the road and can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

None

Station House, Station Road, Desford

Asset Type:	Building
Construction Date:	c. 1848
Architect:	Leicester to Swannington Railway Company
Original Use:	Railway Station
Current Use:	Residential
Condition:	Good
Occupancy:	Occupied

Ward:	Newbold Verdon with Desford and Peckleton
Parish:	Desford
NGR:	SK 48651 04126



Selection Criteria:

Historic value: illustrative and associative interest / Aesthetic value: architectural interest / Age / Rarity / Integrity

Reason for Designation:

Former Desford railway station, now converted to residential use after the station closed in 1964. The station sits on the former Leicester to Swannington Railway which was one of the earliest steam railways in the country, constructed in 1832 by the renowned civil engineers George and Robert Stephenson. The current building was constructed and opened in 1848 some 135 metres west of the original station. It is illustrative of a functional building serving and related to the social, economic and cultural development of the area whilst also demonstrating the national growth of the railways during the mid-19th century. Architecturally the building has Tudor influences with tall gable and axial chimney stacks, steep pitched gables with stone parapets, stone windows surrounds, and soot stained original brickwork in an English bond. The building could be considered a rare survival of something (a village/Parish railway station) that was once common across Leicestershire and nationally. Despite some alterations as part of its conversion the plan form and former use of the building remains discernible. The location of the building facing directly onto the level crossing over Station Road ensures it can be singled out as a landmark within the local street scene.

Relevant entries from the Historic Environment Record:

- MLE16056 – Leicester to Swannington/Midland Railway, Leicester & Burton branch line



**DES福德 NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN
APPENDIX H2 Local
Buildings & Structures
2018-2036 Submission Version**

Listed buildings and structures

THE GRANGE, 17 Church Lane	Desford	Grade II
MANOR FARMHOUSE, 53 High Street	Desford	Grade II
IVY HOUSE, 26 High Street	Desford	Grade II
OLD MANOR HOUSE AND ATTACHED BARN AND SERVICE BLOCK, 32 High Street	Desford	Grade II*
50, MAIN STREET	Desford	Grade II
MALTHOUSE COTTAGES, 40-42 Newbold Road	Desford	Grade II
DESFORD SCHOOL, 54 Main Street	Desford	Grade II
10, NEWBOLD ROAD	Desford	Grade II
PIGEONCOTE AT NUMBER 32 High Street	Desford	Grade II
DESFORD HALL, Leicester Lane	Desford	Grade II
CHURCH OF ST MARTIN, Church Lane	Desford	Grade II*
DESFORD WAR MEMORIAL, Main Street	Desford	Grade II
16, HIGH STREET	Desford	Grade II
DESFORD POST OFFICE, 19, 21 and 23 High Street	Desford	Grade II
2, NEWBOLD ROAD	Desford	Grade II
Moated site 440m SW of Lindridge Fields Farm	Desford	
3B Series No.2 by Bernard Schottlander - Bosworth Academy	Desford	
WAR MEMORIAL NORTH OF POLEBROOK HOUSE AT NGR 484058	Botcheston	Grade II
1 AND 2, DESFORD LANE	Newtown Unthank	Grade II
THE YEWS, Desford Lane	Newtown Unthank	Grade II

DESFORD NEIGHBOURHOOD PLAN

2018-2036

Referendum Version November 2020



Appendix I

Full size Maps, Plans and Figures

Figures: 1, 2, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 11, and 12

Figure 1: Neighbourhood Area Boundary, Desford Parish

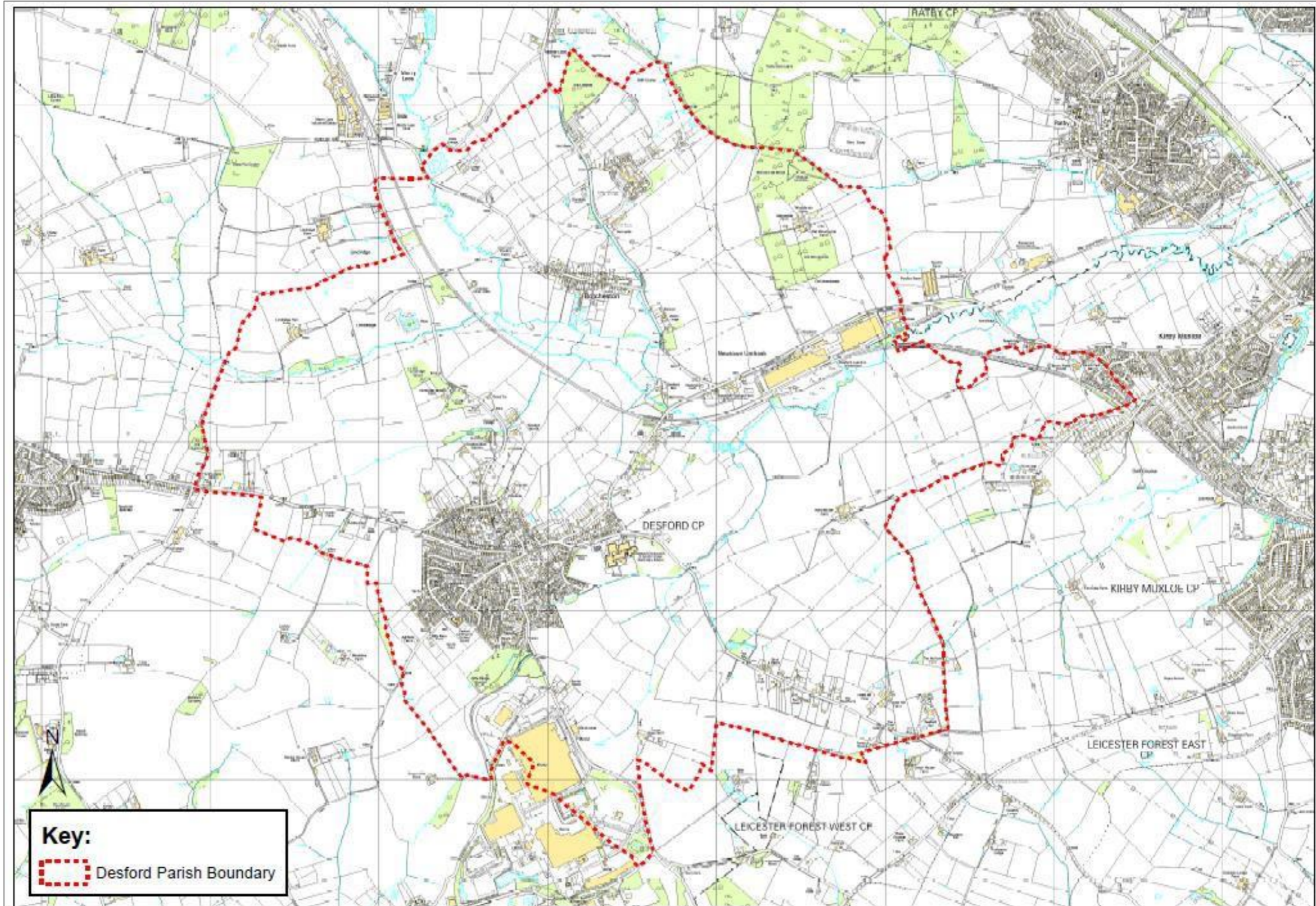


Figure 2: Settlement boundary

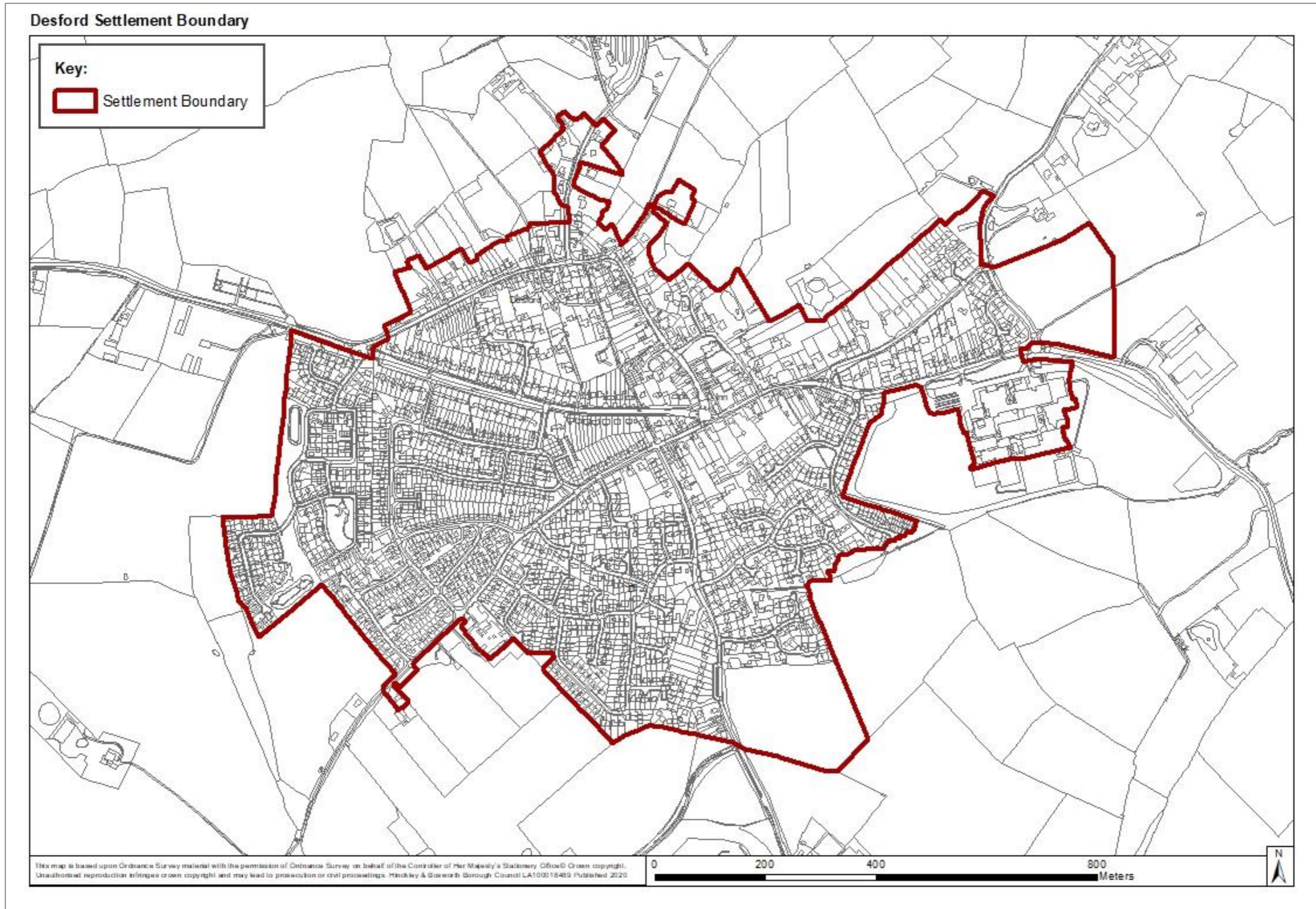


Figure 3: Site Allocation at Barns Way, Desford.

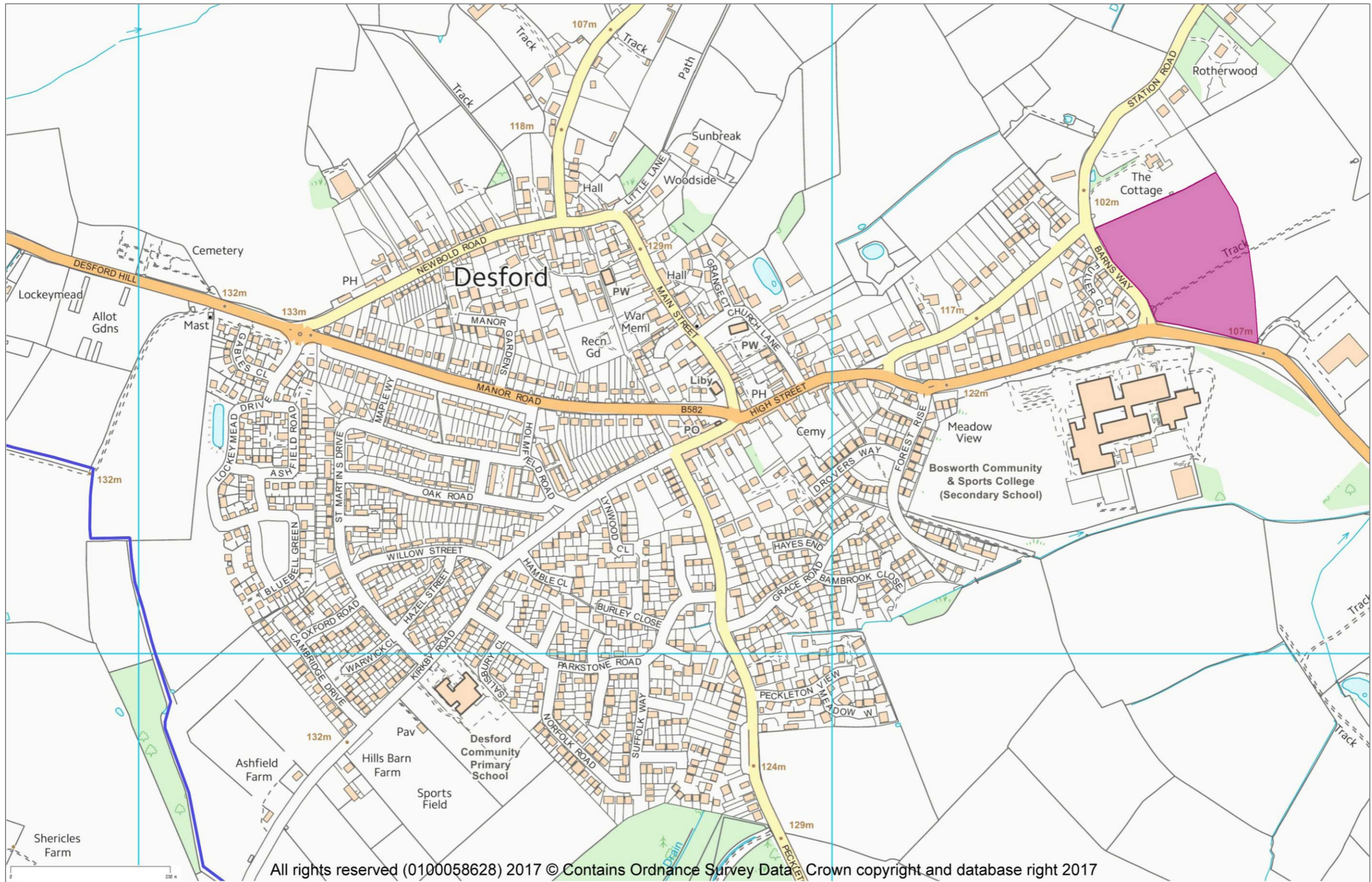


Figure 4: Reserve Sites

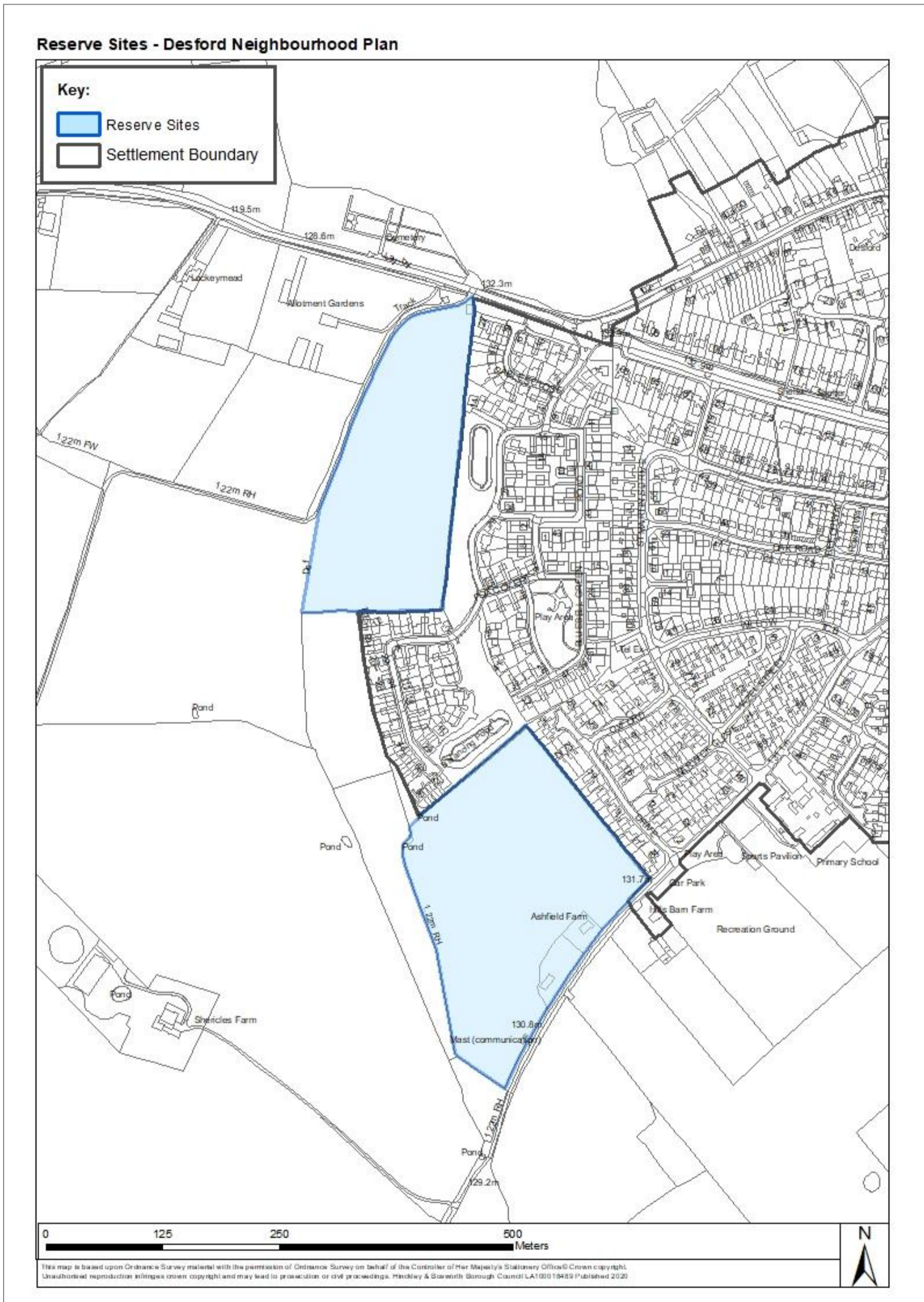


Figure 7: Local Green Spaces

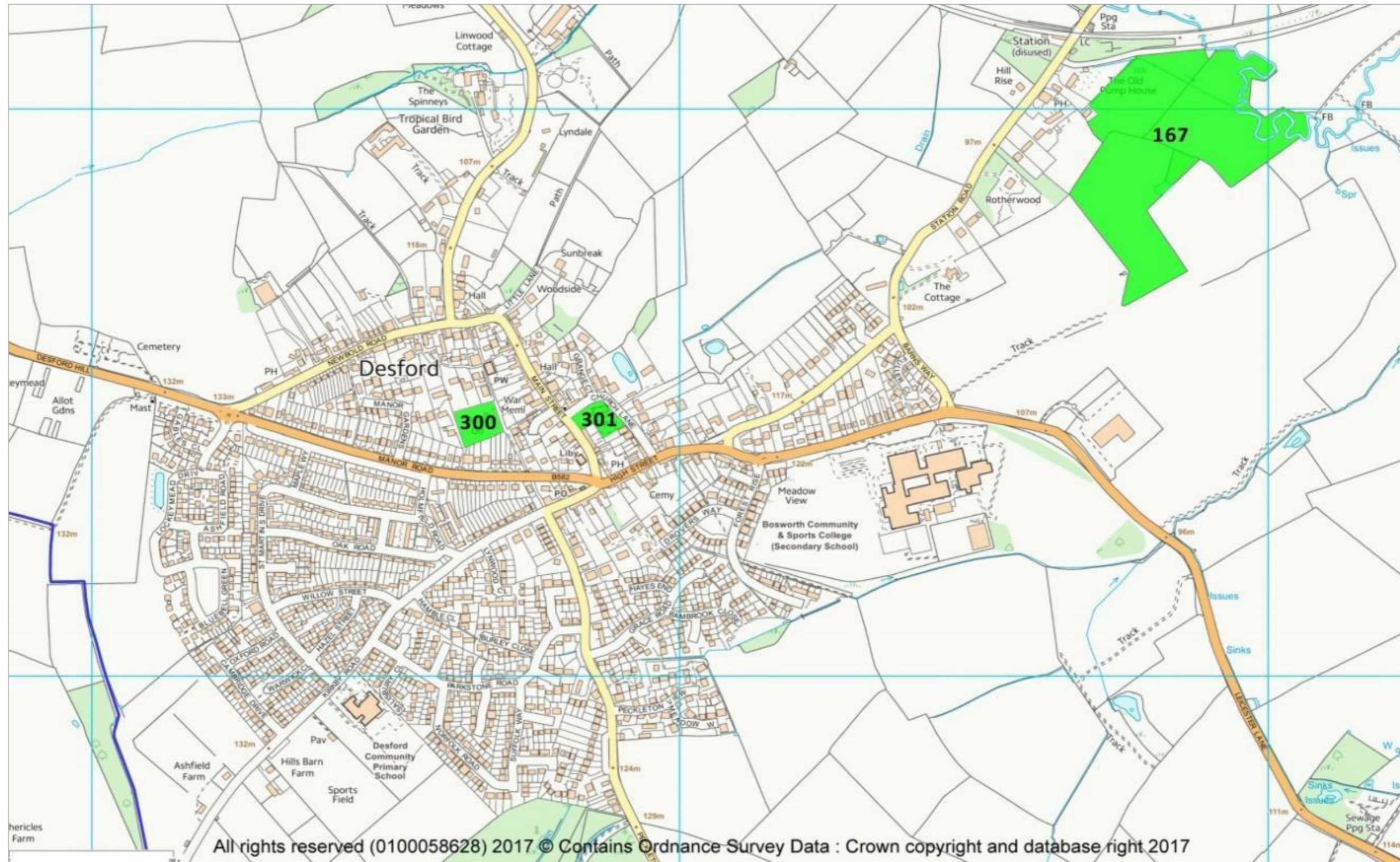


Figure 9: Important Open Spaces

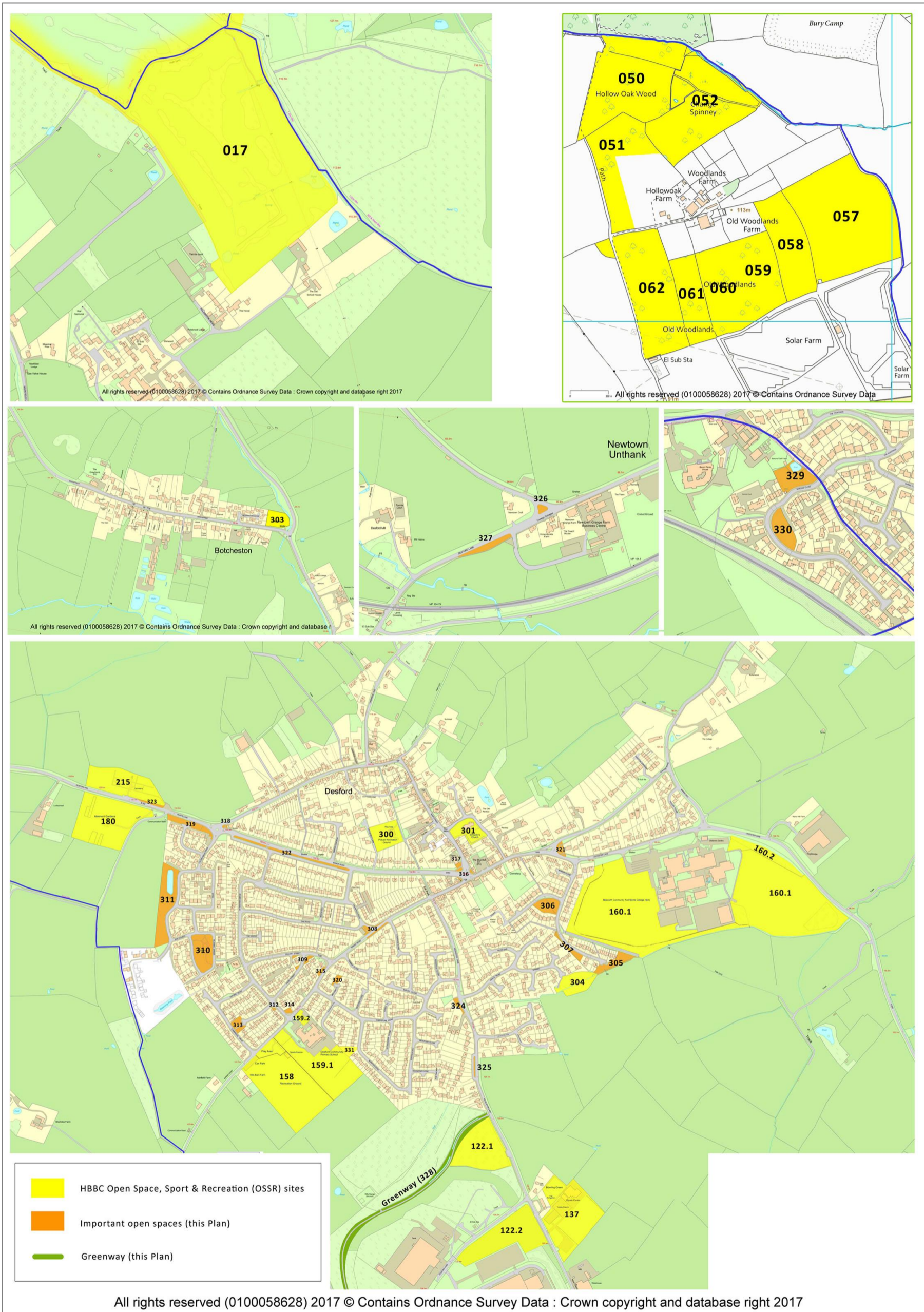


Figure 11: Surviving Ridge and Furrow

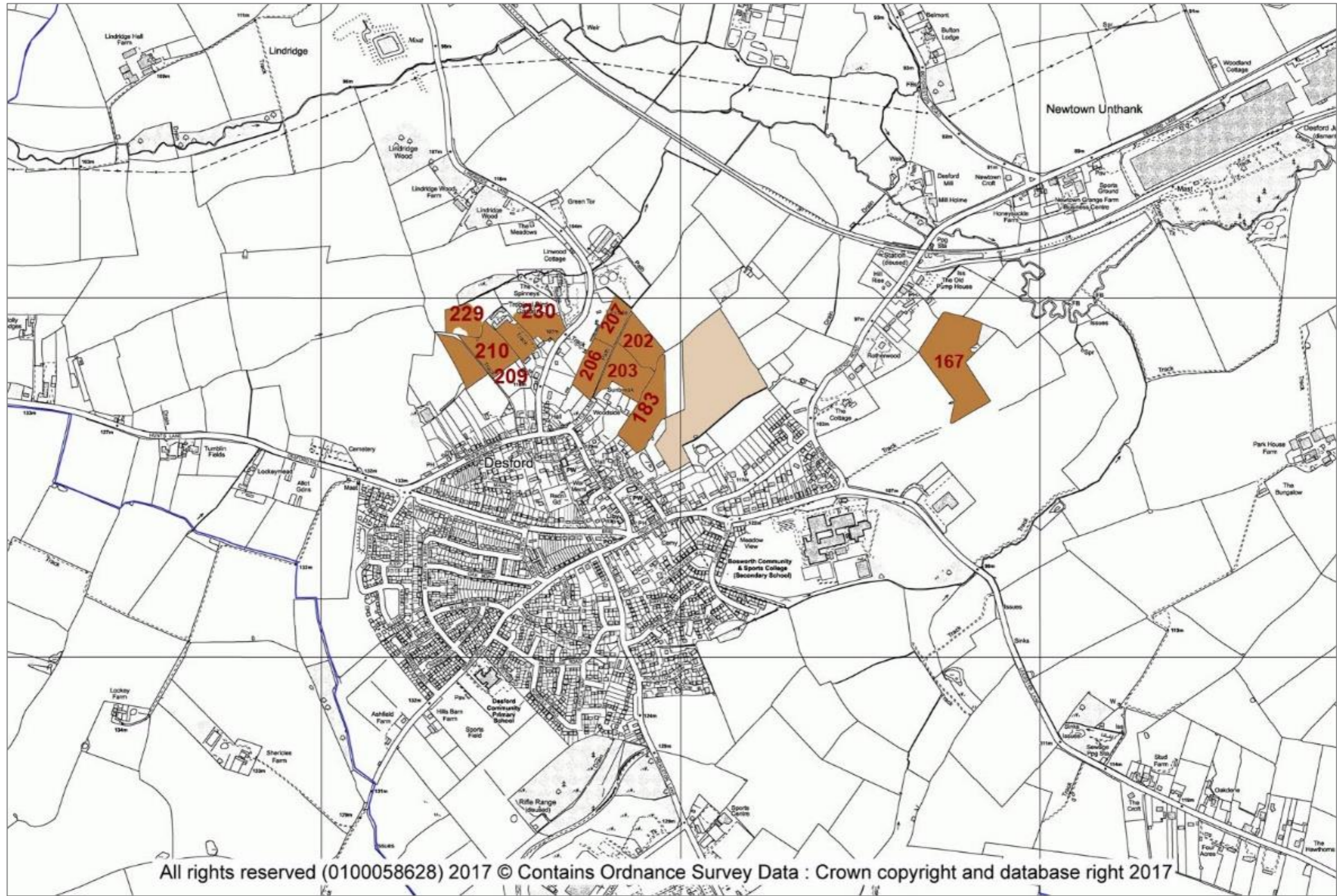


Figure 12: Heritage Assets

